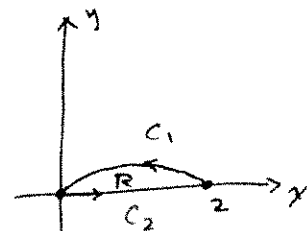


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Let R be the region in the first quadrant with lower boundary the x -axis and upper boundary formed by the curve $x = 1 - t^3$, $y = 1 - t^2$ for $-1 \leq t \leq 1$. Use Green's Theorem to compute the area and centroid of R by computing the appropriate line integrals.

Hint: Integrals along the lower boundary of the form \int something dy will be zero since y is constant along the x -axis.



$$\text{Area}(R) = \iint_R 1 \, dA = \oint_C x \, dy = \int_{C_1} x \, dy \quad \text{by } (*)$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (1-t^3)(-2t) \, dt = 2 \int_{-1}^1 t^4 - t \, dt = 4 \int_0^1 t^4 \, dt = \boxed{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$(*) \quad \oint_{C_2} \text{something} \, dy = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} C_1: \quad x &= 1-t^3 \\ y &= 1-t^2 \\ dx &= -3t^2 \, dt \\ dy &= -2t \, dt \\ -1 &\leq t \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{x}: \quad \iint_R x \, dA = \oint_C \frac{1}{2} x^2 \, dy = \int_{C_1} \frac{1}{2} x^2 \, dy \quad \text{by } (*)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 (1-t^3)^2 (-2t) \, dt = - \int_{-1}^1 t - 2t^4 + t^7 \, dt$$

$$= 2 \int_{-1}^1 t^4 \, dt = 4/5 \quad \text{as above, so } \boxed{\bar{x} = 1}$$

$$\bar{y}: \quad \iint_R y \, dA = \oint_C xy \, dy = \int_{C_1} xy \, dy \quad \text{by } (*)$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (1-t^3)(1-t^2)(-2t) \, dt = -2 \int_{-1}^1 t - t^3 - t^4 + t^6 \, dt = -2 \int_{-1}^1 t^6 - t^4 \, dt = -4 \left[\frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{5} \right]$$

$$= 4 \frac{2}{35} = \frac{8}{35} \quad \text{so } \bar{y} = \frac{8/35}{4/5} = \boxed{\frac{2}{7}}$$